## In this lesson you will:

- learn the definition of circle
- write definitions for chord, diameter, and tangent
- learn about 3 types of arcs and how they are measured
*Add "circle" to your dictionary.


## Investigation 1.7: "Defining Circle Terms"

A.) Write a good definition of each boldfaced term. Discuss your definitions with others in your group. Agree on a common set of definitions for your class and add them to your dictionary.

## Chord



Chords:
$\overline{A B}, \overline{C D}, \overline{E F}, \overline{G H}$, and $\bar{\Pi}$


Not chords:
$\overline{P Q}, \overline{R S}, \overline{T V}$, and $\overline{V W}$

## Diameter



Diameters:
$\overline{A B}, \overline{C D}$, and $\overline{E F}$

Tangent


Tangents:
$\overrightarrow{A B}, \overrightarrow{C D}$, and $\overrightarrow{E F}$


Not tangents:
$\overrightarrow{P Q}, \overrightarrow{R S}, \overline{T U}$, and $\overrightarrow{V W}$

Note: You can say $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ is a tangent, or you can say $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ is tangent to circle O . The point where the tangent touches the circle is called the point of tangency.
B.) Can a chord of a circle also be a diameter of the circle? Can it be a tangent? Explain why or why not?
C.) Can two circles be tangent to the same line at the same point? Draw a sketch and explain.
*Add "concentric circles," "arc," "semicircle," "major arc," "minor arc," and "central angle" to your dictionary.

$\Rightarrow$ ASSIGNMENT:

